Betelgeuse occultation in Spain

Carles Schnabel - IOTA/ES - AAS

José Luis Ortiz - IAA



Occultation by Leona 13 Sept 2023. GREAT SUCCESS



Permanent stations participated and mobile stations were deployed to observe the event.

Permanent stations are the blue pins including the 3 largest observatories in Andalucia (Calar Alto, Sierra Nevada and La Sagra), Brown pins are the deployed stations from the IAA team, green pins are those by the ocultaas amateur deployment

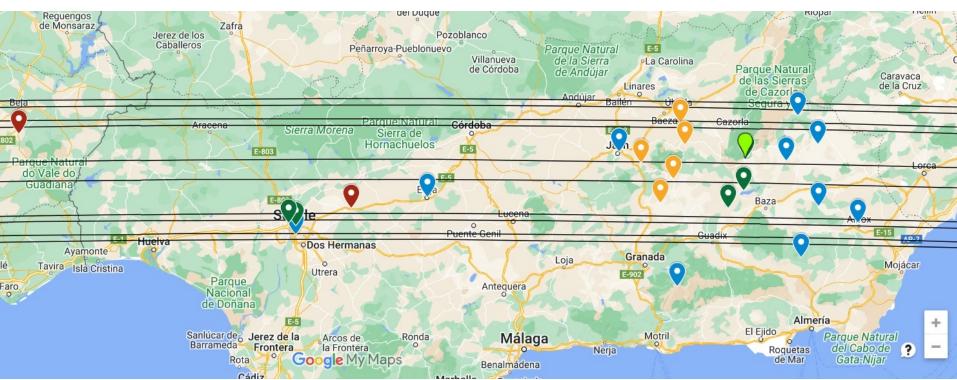


We had good weather in general as shown in the weather satellite at 3:45 UT

There are positive detections from 17 sites and 2 close negatives. At several sites there were multiple telescopes. For instance, at Calar Alto observatory we had 7 telescopes, so in total we have 26 positive recordings.

Occultation by Leona 13 Sept 2023

Close up view of the 25 participating stations, not including Murcia, outside the map.



The map shows two possible paths based on two different predictions, one using the JPL69 orbit and the other one taking into account an update using images of Leona on 3 nights taken with the 2m LT telescope at La Palma observatory. An assumed diameter of 61km was used.

Occultation by Leona 13 Sept 2023

A paper on the preliminary occultation results is about to be submitted by Ortiz, Kretlow, Schnabel et al. (2023) to Astronomy and Astrophysics letters and simultaneously to Arxiv so that everybody can have a quick access to the preliminary results. We expect to submit it by Monday or Tuesday.

In the preliminary analysis Leona appears to be somewhat larger than most of the predictions and we have determined the long and short axis and the orientation. Stay tuned as results will soon be released, as well as a position to update the orbit.

Numerous resources and efforts have been made to achieve this in the professional and amateur field. It is important that citations to the paper be made when referring to the results.

We are still working on the rotational light curve to derive the rotational phase at the time of the occultation, which is also relevant for the 12 december 2023 Betelgeuse event.

ophysics manuscript no. outpu ©ESO 202

The stellar occultation by (319) Leona on 13 September 2023 in preparation for the occultation of Betelgeuse

J. L. Ortiz¹, M. Kretlow^{2,3}, C. Schnabel⁴, N. Morales^{5,2,3}, J. Flores-Martin⁶, M. Sanchez⁶, A. Selva⁶, C. Perello⁷ S. Alonso⁷, A. Roman-Reche^{1,8}, N. Morales¹, J. L. Rizos¹, A. Román, S. Alonso, A. Castillo, J.M. Madiedo Gil, P. Martínez Sánchez, J.M. Fernández Andújar, J.L. Maestre, F. Casarramona, E. Smith, M. Gil, C. Perelló, V. Pelenjow M. Sánchez González, S. Moral Soriano, F.J. Aceituno, V. Dekert, V. de Ory Guimerá, Y. Kitic^{14, 15}, R. Leiva¹ J. Desmars^{9, 10}, B. E. Morgado^{11, 2, 3}, N. Morales¹, M. Vara-Lubiano¹, P. Santos-Sanz¹, E. Fernández-Valenzuela¹² D. Souami^{4,13}, R. Duffard¹, F. L. Rommel^{5,2,3}, Y. Kilic^{14,15}, O. Erece¹⁵, D. Koseoglu¹⁵, E. Ege¹⁶, R. Morales¹ A. Alvarez-Candal^{1,17}, J. L. Rizos¹, J. M. Gómez-Limón¹, M. Assafin^{11,3}, R. Vieira-Martins^{2,3} A. R. Gomes-Júnior^{18,19,3}, J. I. B. Camargo^{2,3}, and J. Lecacheux

(Affiliations can be found after the reference

Received September 20, 2023; accepted

On 12 December 2023, the star alpha Orionis (Betelgeuse) will be occulted by the asteroid (319) Leona. This represents an extraord inique opportunity to analyze the diameter and brighiness distribution of Betelgeuse's photosphere with extreme angular resolution by studying he light curve as the asteroid occults the star from different points on Earth and at different wavelengths. Here we present observations of another cultation by Leona on 13 September 2023 to determine its projected shape and size in preparation for the December 12 event. The occultation servation campaign was highly successful. The effective diameter in projected area derived from the positive detections at 18 sites turned out to conservation camping was inginy successful. The energies of a project of the project of the positive detections at 1s since b = 6 km + 2 km. The body is highly elongated, with dimensions of $79.6 + 1 - 2.2 \text{ km} \times 2.48 + 4 - 1.3 \text{ km}$ is long and short axis, rest at the occultation time. Also, an accurate position coming from the occultation, to improve the orbit determination of Leona for December 1.

On 12 December 2023, the bright star alpha Orionis (Betelgeuse) will be occulted by the asteroid (319) Leona. The shadow path of this event will be favorable for a thin region crossing Southern Florida and Southern Europe. Even though this naked eye event will not be observable from the entire planet, highly pop-ulated areas of the Earth will be in the path, and the potential observability of the event is considerable

Figure 1 shows a map of the expected shadow path on Earth for the 2023 December 12th occultation of Betelgeuse assumto the Hipparcos astrometric solution for Beteleeuse and using TPJPL#69 orbit for Leona. We note that the Hipparcos astromet-ric solution has been questioned by Harper et al. (2017) so the path is slightly different if one uses the solution by Harper et al. euse, and a spherical shape for Leona. All this needs to be re-

he occultation of Betelgeuse by Leona will be extremely important and unique. It represents an extraordinary opportunity to manayze the diameter and brightness distribution of Berdegueues is plained by a dusty veil (Obstangles et al. 2021). Here we report photosphere by studying the light curve as the asteroid progress-veisely occults the star from different points on Barth and a diff. September 13th predicted and observed in preparation for the ferent wavelengths. In the overwhelming majority of the stellar Beleigeuse event

angular size of the solar system body that passes in front of them so the occultations are not gradual, but in this case, the huge gence, and a spectroal stage for Leona. All tims needs to be re-infed for an accurate prediction and interpretation of the occulta-tion in Desember. PART OF THIS CAN GO IN THE CAPTION

OF THE FIGURES on Known vet. On the other hand the angular diameter of Beteleeuse will give rise to a different phe interest in Betelgeuse has been extremely high in the last few years because of the large dimming that it experienced, which

(319) Leona ocults UCAC4 521-014751 on 2023 Sep 13

OW Cloud (319) Leona occults UCAC4 521-014751 on 2023-Sep-13 at 03:46 UT					ne, Carles Schnabel v		
Closest Approach	Rank	Asteroid	Star	Mag	Comb.	Drop	Max Dur
2023-Sep-13, 03:46 UT	100	(319) Leona (15.5 ^m)	UCAC4 521-014751 (11.89 m) [RUWE: 1.16] Star Chart: 15° 5° 2° 0.5° 0.1° (2)	11.9 ^m	11.9 ^m	3.6 ^m	2.32 sec

Predictions	≣-

Data Sources	Last Updated (UT)	Orbit Date	Error (PW*)	Error (time)	Path Diff **
Horizons/GaiaEDR3 default	25 Aug, 08:47 (by OWC)	23 Aug 2023 (JPL#69)	0.07	0.8 sec	
Horizons/GaiaEDR3	06 Sep, 17:40 (by Carles Perelló)	23 Aug 2023 (JPL#69)	0.06	0.8 sec	-0.38 km
LuckyStar/GaiaEDR3	02 Sep, 01:35 (by DaveGault)	18 Jul 2023	0.36	2.3 sec	-5.7 km -2 sec
	16 Jul, 18:50 (by SteveP)	27 Apr 2023	12.14	34.3 sec	+3.4 km +3 sec

^{*}PW = path widths; ** Across and along path difference between predictions. Across path shift is computed on the Fundamental Plane, where '' indicates a left and '+' a right path shift.

Report observations to the LuckyStar group using the Occultation Portal https://occultation.tug.tubitak.gov.tr/ to continue the collaborative work. Questions can be sent to ribas@on.br o

Countries in 1-σ Zone (19)

Algeria Cambodia Greece India Iran Iraq Israel Italy Jordan Lebanon Myanmar Pakistan Philippines Portugal Spain Syria Thailand Tunisia



EROC IOTA LuckySta

Tag Event



Shadow crossing the Earth for 9:24 min from 03:41:46 UT to 03:51:11 UT



Stations (13)

Chord	Observer	Note
-52.6 km	Carles Schnabel	Was clouded out or failed to observe
-29.0 km	Rui Goncalves	Observed a 1.5 sec occultation
-21.0 km	j. rovira	Observed a 1.8 sec occultation
-16.8 km	Carles Schnabel	No report
-14.8 km	Carles Schnabel	■ Observed a 24 sec occultation
1.2 km	Jose Maria Fernandez Andujar	No report
3.7 km	Antoni Selva	Observed a 2.8 sec occultation
10.0 km	Rafa Farfán	No report
13.7 km	Miguel Gil	No report
13.7 km	Miguel Gil	No report
13.8 km	F. Casarramona	Observed a 2.7 sec occultation
24.7 km	Jesus Delgado	Observed a 235 sec occultation
27.2 km	Carles Schnabel	No observation

Ferran Casarramona, Toni Selva, Carlos Perelló, Carles Schnabel



...with Eric Smith and Miguel Gil



Selva's station at Mirador del Negratín





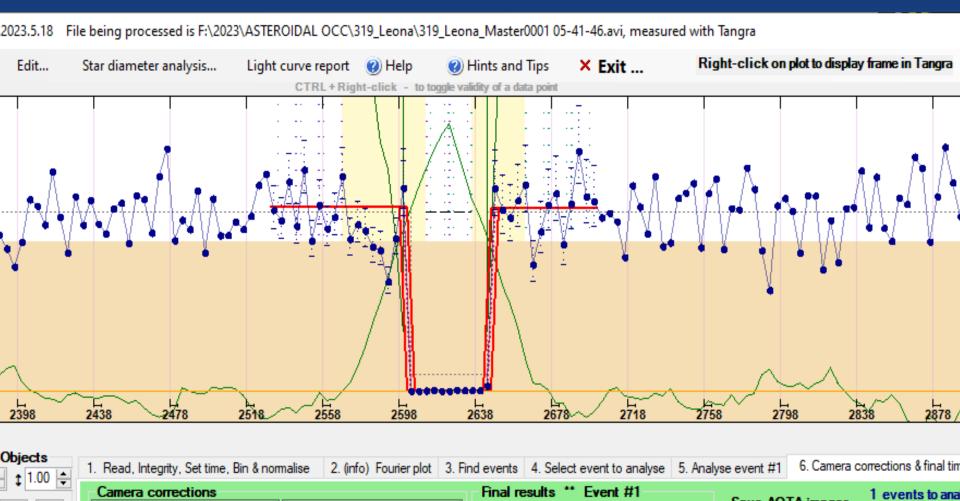
Casarramona's station at Complejo Astronómico Los Coloraos



Results from IOTA observers



J. Rovira 1.8 s



Time Source: Tangra

D at frame 2602.0 ±2.0/-2.0

Video system

15

Video camera

WAT-910HX

Save AOTA images

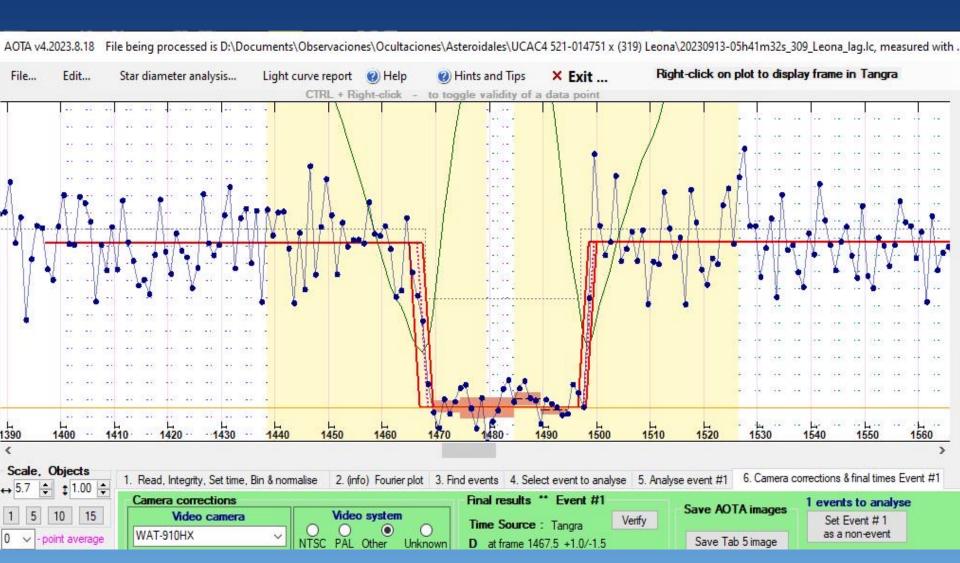
Save Tab 5 image

Verify

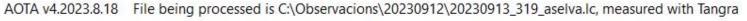
Set Event #

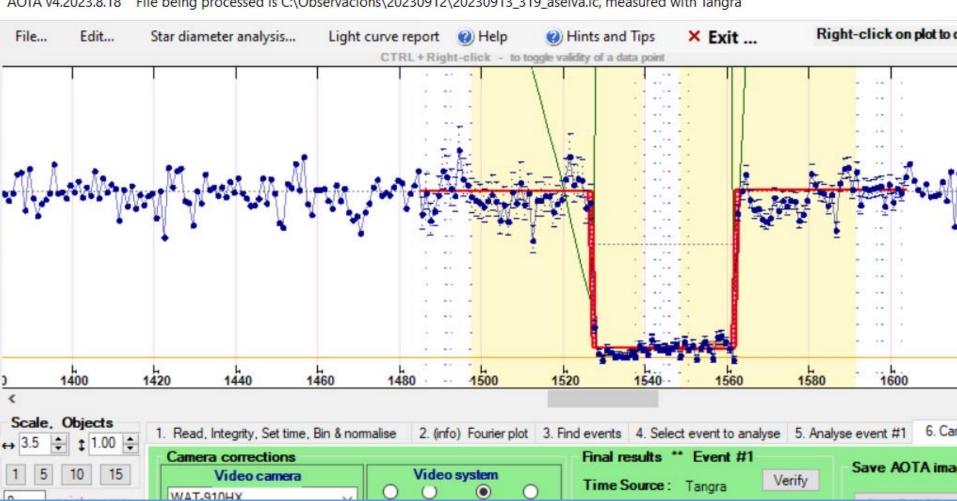
as a non-eve

Perelló – Schnabel 2.4 s

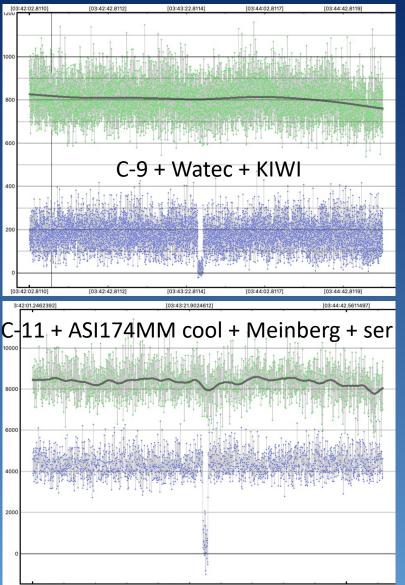


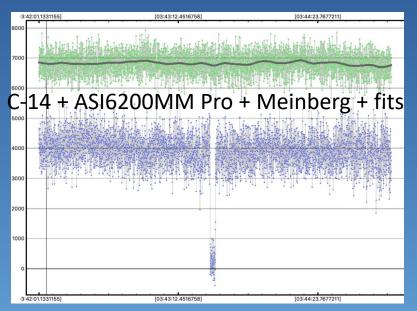
T. Selva 2.8 s





F. Casarramona – M. Gil – E. Smith (03-44-02.8117) (03-44-02.8119) 2.7 s

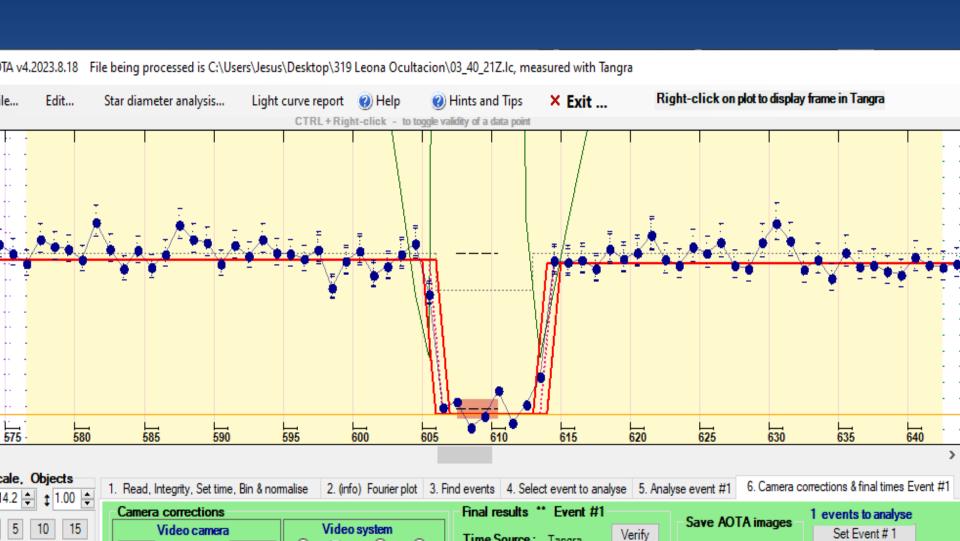




Delay: 126 ms

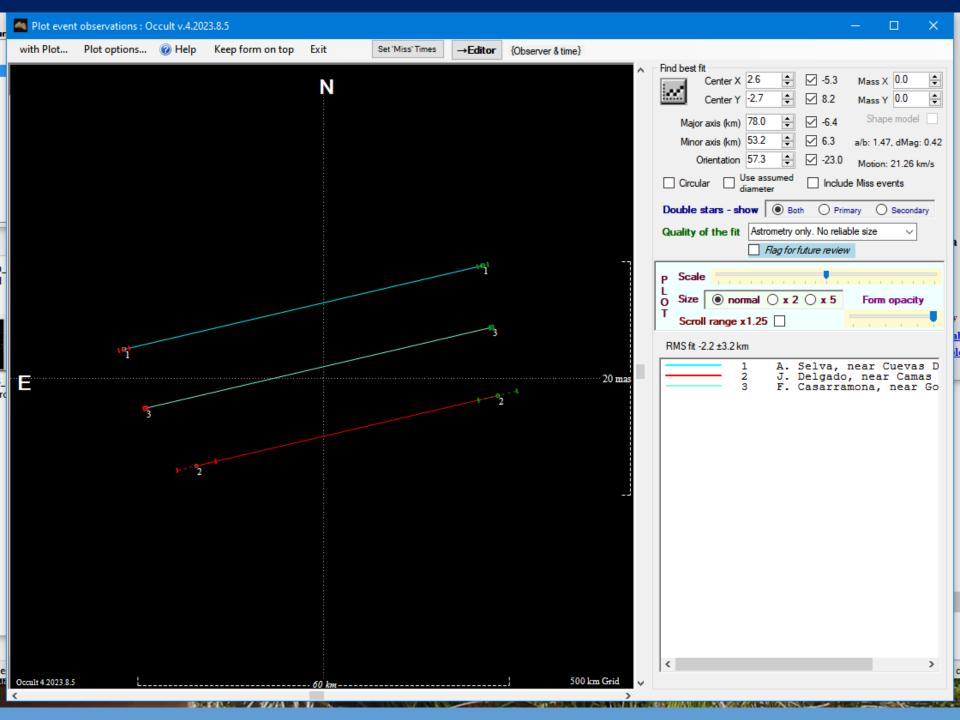
Delay: 84 ms

J. Delgado 2.35 s

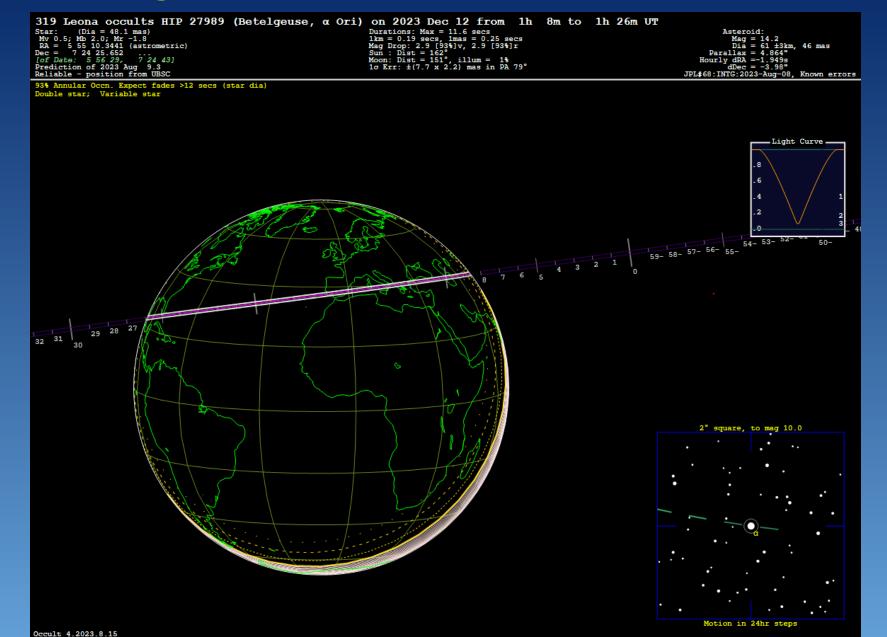


Time Source: Tangra

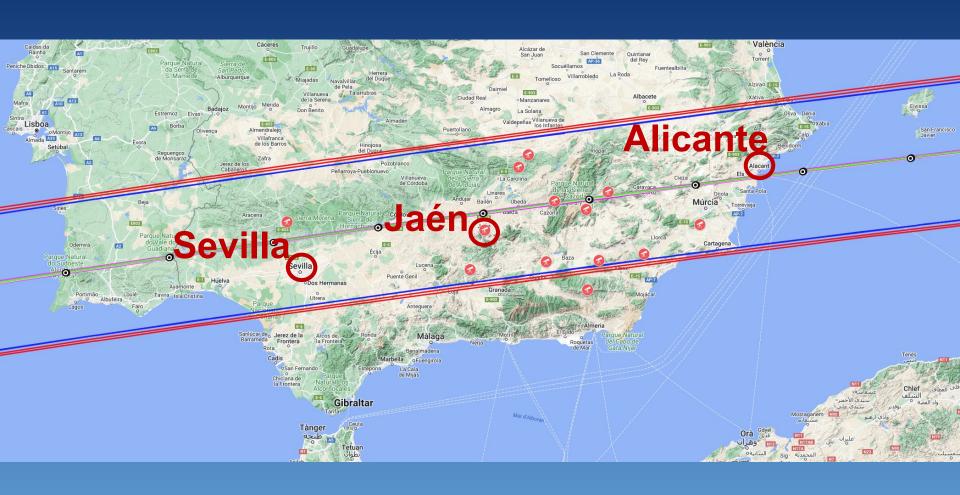
OUVITAGE



Betelgeuse occultation 2023, Dec 12



Betelgeuse occultation 2023, Dec 12 Where to meet



Betelgeuse occultation 2023, Dec 12

At the moment, write to me schnabelcarles@gmail.com

Interactive map:

https://www.google.com/maps/d/u/2/edit?mid=1litFRSEU6DuXqaaUhVdMqb-AWJQBlyM&usp=sharing

THANKS!

¡ MUCHAS GRACIAS!

Carles Schnabel & Jose Luis Ortiz email: ortiz@ina.es

Haumea artistic impression IAA-CSIC