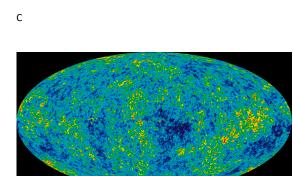


Name:	Andromeda Galaxy
Other Names:	M31
Туре:	
Distance:	780 kpc = 2.5 million ly
Size:	67 kpc = 220,000 ly
Mass:	$1.5~x10^{12}~M_{\odot}$
Location:	

Name:	Asteroid Lutetia Rosetta
Other Names:	21 Lutetia
Туре:	
Distance:	2.0 - 2.8 AU from the Sun (asteroid belt)
Size:	121 x 101 x 75 km
Mass:	$1.70 \text{ x } 10^{18} \text{ kg} = 2.8 \text{ x } 10^{-7} \text{ M}_{\oplus}$
Location:	



Name:Cosmic Microwave Background RadiationOther Names:Type:

Distance:4.2 Gpc = 13.77 billion lySize:The size of the observable universeMass:Location:



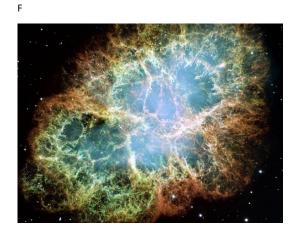


Name:
Other Names:
Туре:
Distanco

Coma Cluster Abell 1656

Distance: Size: Mass: Location: 99 Mpc = 321 million ly 3.1 Mpc = 10 million ly 7 x 10^{14}  $M_{\odot}$ 





Name:	Halley's Comet
Other Names:	1P/Halley, Comet Halley
Туре:	
Distance:	0.59 - 35 AU from the Sun
Size:	5.5 km (mean radius of nucleus)
Mass:	$2.2 \text{ x } 10^{14} \text{ kg} = 3.7 \text{ x } 10^{-11} \text{ M}_{\oplus}$

Name:	Crab - Nebula
Other Names:	M1, NGC 1952
Туре:	
Distance:	2 kpc = 6,500 ly
Size:	1.7 pc = 5.5 ly
Mass:	4.6 M⊙
Location:	

G

Location:



Name:	Earth
Other Names:	
Туре:	
Distance:	$1.5 \times 10^{11} \text{ m} = 1 \text{ AU}$ (from the Sun)
Size:	$6.371 \: x \: 10^6 \: m$ = 1 $R_\oplus $ (mean radius)
Mass:	$6 \times 10^{24} \text{ kg} = 1 \text{ M}_{\oplus}$
Location:	





Name:	Moon
Other Names:	
Туре:	
Distance:	3.844 x 10 <sup>8</sup> m = 1.3 light seconds
	(semi-major axis or orbit)
Size:	1.737 x $10^6$ m = 0.2727 $R_\oplus$ (mean radius)
Mass:	$7.3 \times 10^{22}$ kg = 0.012 M $_{\oplus}$
Location:	





Name:	Jupiter
Other Names:	
Туре:	
Distance:	7.79 x 10 <sup>11</sup> m = 5.2 AU = 43 light minutes from Sun (semi-major axis or orbit)
Size:	$6.9 \text{ x } 10^7 \text{ m}$ = 10.97 R $_{\oplus}$ (mean radius)
Mass:	$1.90 \text{ x } 10^{27} \text{ kg}$ = 317.8 M $_{\oplus}$
Location:	

Name:	Large Magellanic Cloud
Other Names:	
Туре:	
Distance:	50 kpc = 163,000 ly
Size:	4.3 kpc = 14,000 ly
Mass:	$10^{10}~M_{\odot}$
Location:	

К

I



Name:Whirlpool GalaxyOther Names:Messier 51, NGC 5194, Rosse's GalaxyType:

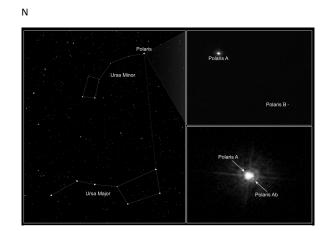
Distance: Size: Mass: Location: 7.1 Mpc = 23 million ly 18.4 kpc = 60,000 ly (diameter) 160 x 10<sup>9</sup> M<sub>☉</sub>



Name:	Milky Way
Other Names:	
Type:	
Distance:	8 kpc = 26,4
Size:	31 – 55 kpc
Mass:	1.5 x 10 <sup>12</sup> N
Location:	

8 kpc = 26,400 ly (from Sun to centre) 31 – 55 kpc = 100,000 – 180,000 ly  $1.5 \times 10^{12} M_{\odot}$ 





Name:	Orion Nebula	Name:	Polaris
Other Names:		Other Names:	North Star, Alpha Ursae Minoris, HD 8890
Туре:		Туре:	
Distance:	1.27 x 10 <sup>19</sup> m = 412 pc = 1344 ly	Distance:	4.1 x 10 <sup>18</sup> m = 132.9 pc = 433.8 ly
Size:	2.27 x 10 <sup>17</sup> m = 7.35 pc = 24 ly	Size:	$2.6 \mbox{ x } 10^{10} \mbox{ m}$ = 35.7 $R_{\odot}$
Mass:	$3.96 \text{ x } 10^{33} \text{ kg}$ = 2000 M $_{\odot}$	Mass:	$1.07 \times 10^{31}$ kg = 5.4 M $_{\odot}$
Location:		Location:	

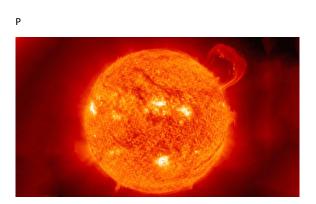




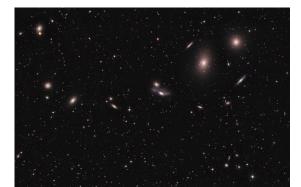
Name:	Proxima Centauri
Other Names:	Alpha Centauri C
Туре:	

a Centauri C

Distance: Size: Mass: Location: 4.01 x 10<sup>16</sup> m = 1.3 pc = 4.24 ly 1.1 x 10<sup>8</sup> m (radius)  $2.42 \; x \; 10^{29} kg \;$  = 0.122  $M_{\odot}$ 



Name:	Sun
Other Names:	
Type:	
Distance:	1 AU = 1.49 x 10 <sup>11</sup> m = 8 light minutes
Size:	$6.957 \times 10^8 \text{ m} = 1 \text{ R}_{\odot} \text{ (radius)}$
Mass:	$1.98 \ x \ 10^{30} \ \text{kg}$ = 1 $M_{\odot}$
Location:	



Name:	Virgo Cluster
Other Names:	
Туре:	
Distance:	16.5 Mpc = 53.8 million ly
Size:	2.2 Mpc = 7.2 million ly
Mass:	$1.2 \; x \; 10^{15} \; M_{\odot}$
Location:	

TYPE OF OBJECT: SUGGESTED OPTIONS (NB - not all are used in the exercise)

Large Scale Structure Galaxy Cluster Galaxy Star-forming nebula Planetary nebula Supernova remnant Star Planet Dwarf Planet Minor Planet Moon Comet

Ζ Ζ CHEAT SHEET: UNITS Astronomical Unit = Mean Earth-Sun Distance 1 AU = 1.496 x 10<sup>11</sup> m = 1.496 x 10<sup>8</sup> km Parsec = Distance at which 1 AU subtends angle 1 arcsecond 1 pc = 648000 /  $\pi$  AU = 2.06265 x 10<sup>5</sup> AU = 3.086 x 10<sup>16</sup> m kiloparsec: 1 kpc = 1,000 pc :: galaxies are tens of kpc across megaparsec: 1 Mpc = 1,000,000 pc :: very distant galaxies Light Year = Distance travelled by light in vacuum in 1 year 1 ly = 9.461 x 10<sup>15</sup> m = 63241 AU = 0.3066 pc Earth: Radius:  $R_{\oplus} = 6.371 \times 10^6 \text{ m} = 6,371 \text{ km}$  (mean) Mass:  $M_{\oplus}$  = 5.972 x 10<sup>24</sup> kg Sun: Radius:  $R_\odot$  = 6.957 x  $10^8$  m = 695,700 km = 109  $R_\oplus$ Mass:  $M_{\odot}$  = 1.98 x 10<sup>30</sup> kg = 331,000 M $_{\oplus}$